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## Aims and Scope

Turkderm - Turkish Archives of Dermatology and Venereology (Formerly Turkderm-Archives of the Turkish Dermatology and Venereology) is the official journal of the Society of Dermatology and Venereology. This editorially independent, unbiased, international journal periodically publishes peer-reviewed work in all areas of dermatology and venereology. Publication languages are Turkish and English. The journal is published in English since December issue of 2016 as an e-journal.

The journal is published quarterly in March, June, September and December with 1 or 2 supplement issues in June and December.

The target audience of Turkderm - Turkish Archives of Dermatology and Venereology is specialists and resident physicians in dermatology and venereology.

Articles in Turkish or English are both accepted for publication in print with the understanding that an English version is provided for the online publication prior to the final acceptance of the article. A Turkish version is not requested for articles submitted in English.

The editorial policies are based on the "Recommendations for the Conduct, Reporting, Editing, and Publication of Scholarly Work in Medical Journals (ICMJE Recommendations)" by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (2016, archived at <http://www.icmje.org/>) rules.

Turkderm - Turkish Archives of Dermatology and Venereology is indexed in **Web of Science-Emerging Sources Citation Index (ESCI), Hinari, GOALI, ARDI, OARE, Excerpta Medica/EMBASE, EBSCO Database, CINAHL, Index Copernicus, DOAJ, Scopus, ProQuest, British Library, J-Gate, IdealOnline, ROOT INDEXING, Turkish Medline-National Citation Index, Turkiye Citation Index and TUBITAK/ULAKBIM.**

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Articles in Turkish or English are both accepted for publication in print with the understanding that an English version is provided for the online publication prior to the final acceptance of the article. A Turkish version is not requested for articles submitted in English. Turkderm does not charge any article submission or processing charges.

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3. The journal publishes articles both in Turkish and English.

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9.2. CONSORT statement for randomized controlled trials (Moher D, Schultz KF, Altman D, for the CONSORT Group. The CONSORT statement revised recommendations for improving the quality of reports of parallel group randomized trials. JAMA 2001; 285: 1987-91) (<http://www.consort-statement.org/>);

9.3. PRISMA statement of preferred reporting items for systematic reviews and meta-analyses (Moher D, Liberati A, Tetzlaff J, Altman DG, The PRISMA Group. Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses: The PRISMA Statement. PLoS Med 2009; 6(7): e1000097.) (<http://www.prisma-statement.org/>);

9.4. STARD checklist for the reporting of studies of diagnostic accuracy (Bossuyt PM, Reitsma JB, Bruns DE, Gatsonis CA, Glasziou PP, Irwig LM, et al., for the STARD Group. Towards complete and accurate reporting of studies of diagnostic accuracy: the STARD initiative. Ann Intern Med 2003;138:40-4.) (<http://www.stard-statement.org/>);

9.5. STROBE statement, a checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies (<http://www.strobe-statement.org/>);

9.6. MOOSE guidelines for meta-analysis and systemic reviews of observational studies (Stroup DF, Berlin JA, Morton SC, et al. Meta-analysis of observational studies in epidemiology: a proposal for reporting Meta-analysis of observational Studies in Epidemiology (MOOSE) group. JAMA 2000; 283: 2008-12).

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10.1. Manuscripts can only be submitted electronically through the Journal Agent website (<http://www.journalagent.com/turkderm/?plng=eng/>) after creating an account. This system allows online submission and review. You may follow your article online. The manuscripts are archived according to ICMJE, Index Medicus (Medline/PubMed) and Ulakbim-Turkish Medicine Index Rules.

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10.3. Author information should enter the system only while registering the summary. The electronic files to be uploaded to the system (full text, references, etc.) should in no way include the name and surname of the author.

### 11. Manuscript Types

#### 11.1. Original Article

Includes clinical research, clinical observation, new methods, and experimental and laboratory studies. Research articles should include title, abstract, keywords related with main topic of the study, findings, discussion, acknowledgements, references, tables, graphs, and pictures. Title, abstract, and keywords should be both in Turkish and English.

11.2. **Abstract:** A summary of the manuscript should be written in both Turkish and English and not exceed 300 words. References should not be cited in the abstract. Use of abbreviations should be avoided as much as possible; if any abbreviations are used, they must be taken into consideration independently of the abbreviations used in the text.

The abstracts in English should include the following paragraphs: Background and design, material(s) and method(s), result(s), conclusion.

11.3. For original articles, the structured abstract should include the following sub-headings: **Objectives:** The aim of the study should be clearly stated.

**Materials and Methods:** The study and standard criteria used should be defined; it should also be indicated whether the study is randomized or not, whether it is retrospective or prospective, and the statistical methods applied should be indicated, if applicable.

**Results:** The detailed results of the study should be given and the statistical significance level should be indicated.

**Conclusion:** Should summarize the results of the study, the clinical applicability of the results should be defined, and the favorable and unfavorable aspects should be declared.

## Instruction to Authors

**Keywords:** A list of minimum 3, but no more than 5 keywords must follow the abstract. Key words in English should be consistent with "Medical Subject Headings (MESH)" ([www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MBrowser.html](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MBrowser.html)). Turkish keywords should be direct translations of the terms in MESH.

**11.4.** Original research articles should have the following sections:

**Introduction:** Should consist of a brief explanation of the topic and indicate the objective of the study, supported by information from the literature.

**Materials and Methods:** The study plan should be clearly described, indicating whether the study is randomized or not, whether it is retrospective or prospective, the number of trials, the characteristics, and the statistical methods used.

**Results:** The results of the study should be stated, with tables/figures given in numerical order; the results should be evaluated according to the statistical analysis methods applied. See General Guidelines for details about the preparation of visual material.

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**Conclusion:** The conclusion of the study should be highlighted.

**Acknowledgements:** Any technical or financial support or editorial contributions (statistical analysis, English/Turkish evaluation) towards the study should appear at the end of the article.

**References:** Authors are responsible for the accuracy of the references. See General Guidelines for details about the usage and formatting required.

### 11.5. Case Reports

Case reports should present cases which are rarely seen, feature novelty in diagnosis and treatment, and contribute to our current knowledge. The first page should include the title in Turkish and English, an unstructured summary not exceeding 150 words, and key words. The main text should consist of introduction, case report, discussion and references. The entire text should not exceed 5 pages (A4, formatted as specified above).

### 11.6. Letter to the Editor

These letters address issues or exchange views on topics arising from published articles. They should be concise, not exceed 750 words, should not include an abstract, and references should be limited to 5. Short case reports may also be published under this heading.

**11.7.** "What is your diagnosis?" reports should include a short introduction, followed by a definition of the problem, reports of pictures and figures that constitute hints, the definite diagnosis and a very brief discussion

### 11.8. Review

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### 12. Tables, Graphics, Figures, and Images

All visual materials together with their legends should be located on separate pages that follow the main text.

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All tables, graphics or figures should be enumerated according to their sequence within the text and a brief descriptive caption should be written in Arabic numbers. Any abbreviations used should be defined in the accompanying legend. Tables in particular should be explanatory and facilitate readers' understanding of the manuscript, and should not repeat data presented in the main text.

The number of tables should not exceed three, and the number of lines should not exceed 10 lines excluding the heading. They should only include horizontal lines; no vertical lines should be included. If the author insists on publishing more than three tables, every extra table shall be subject to payment.

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Presentations presented in congresses, unpublished manuscripts, theses, Internet addresses, and personal interviews or experiences should not be indicated as references. If such references are used, they should be indicated in parentheses at the end of the relevant sentence in the text, without reference number and written in full, in order to clarify their nature.

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