

## CASE IMAGE

## A case of severely calcified neoatherosclerosis-embedded stent struts clearly documented with optical coherence tomography imaging

*Optik koherens tomografi görüntülemesiyle açıkça kanıtlandığı gibi ciddi derecede yeni oluşmuş kalsifiye ateroskleroz gömülmüş destek stent*

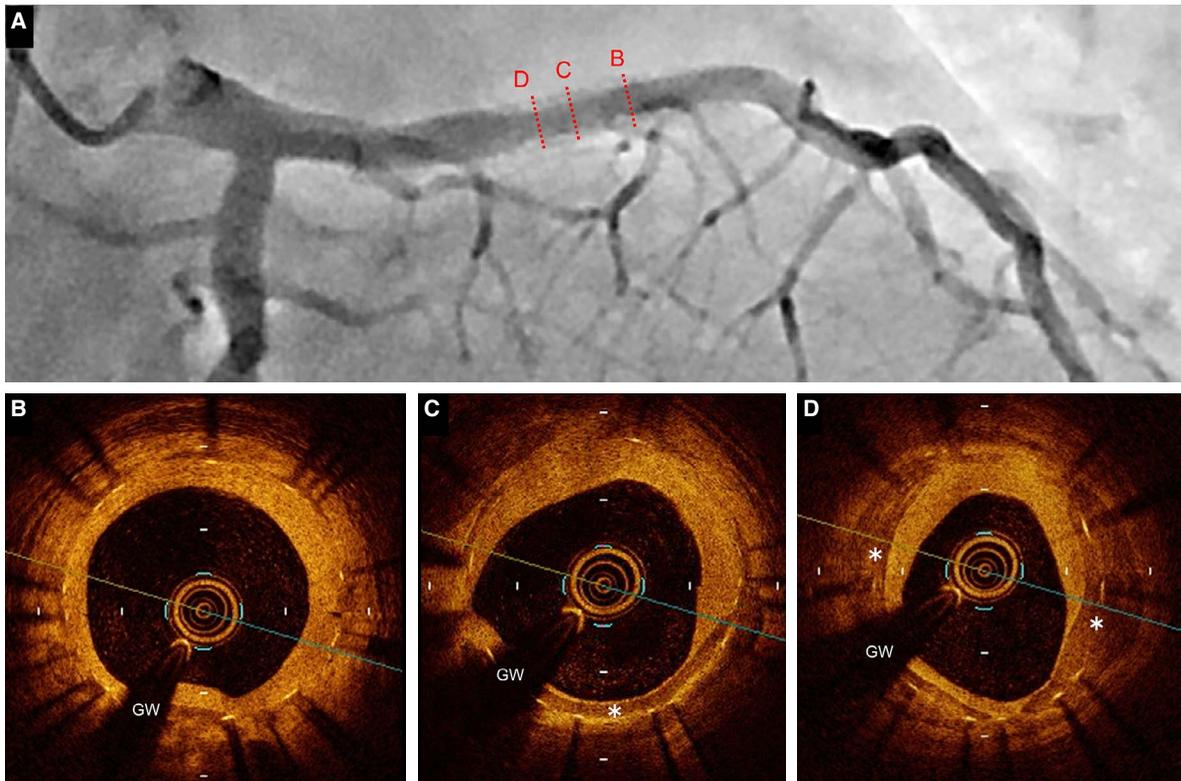
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with a bare-metal stent in the left anterior descending coronary artery. Although his condition had run a benign course without any recurrence of cardiovascular

A 65-year-old Japanese man using peritoneal hemodialysis due to diabetic nephropathy underwent a planned coronary angiography as a pre-operative examination. Fourteen years earlier, he had undergone a percutaneous coronary intervention due to acute myocardial infarction and had been implanted

events, coronary angiography was performed 14 years later in preparation for a living-donor kidney transplantation. Coronary angiography revealed less than 50% restenosis (Figure A). Although Figure B indicates circumferentially covered stent struts, the homogeneous neointima pattern observed with optical coherence tomography (OCT) appeared to suggest smooth muscle cells and extracellular matrix. Figure C demonstrates adluminal attenuation with clear borders within the intrastent tissue, indicating calcified neoatherosclerosis. Moreover, severely calcified neoatherosclerosis-embedded stent struts were clearly documented using OCT (Figure D). Whether this unique characteristic might be limited to patients undergoing hemodialysis treatment remains uncertain.



**Figures—** Coronary angiography revealed less than 50% restenosis in the left anterior descending artery (A). Circumferentially covered stent struts and a homogeneous neointima pattern were illustrated in 2-dimensional cross sections of optical coherence tomography (OCT) images (B). Adluminal attenuation with clear borders within the intrastent tissue was observed in 2-dimensional cross sections of OCT images (C). Stent struts were completely embedded in severe calcification, as demonstrated by 2-dimensional cross sections of OCT images (D).

GW: Guidewire artifact. \*An asterisk denotes calcification.